



Purchasing Power Parities

2009

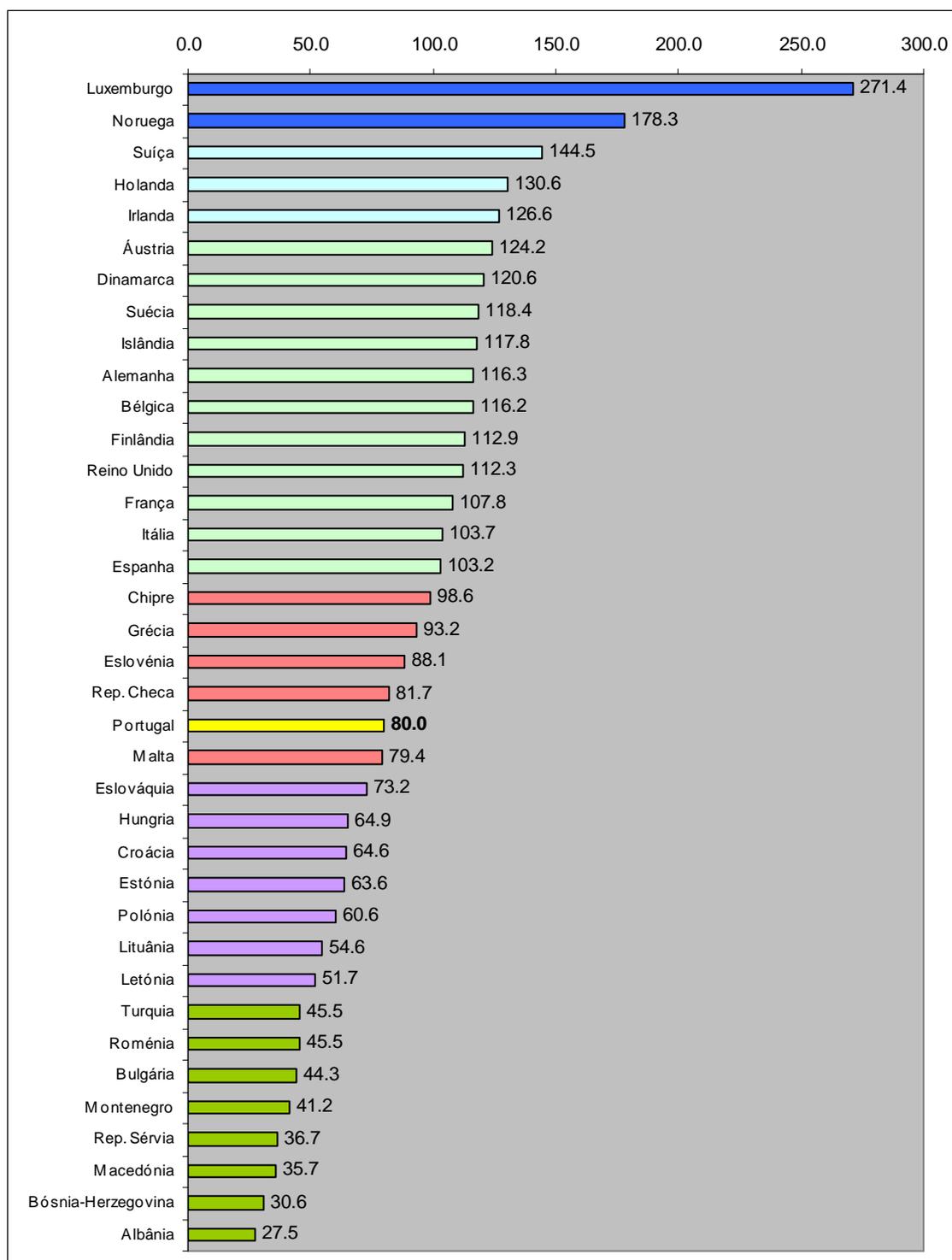
For Portugal, in 2009, the GDP per capita expressed in Purchasing Power Parities, represented 80 % of the EU average

Based on prices and GDP information produced by a group of 37 European countries, compiled and worked out centrally by Eurostat, INE publishes the most common indicators on GDP per capita measured in Purchasing Power Parities (PPP).

Eurostat calculates the PPS indicator (a common artificial “numéraire”), for countries with the aim of providing estimates for the respective GDP adjusted of differences in relative prices.

The data collected can compare the relative position of the 37 participating countries on the EU and OECD exercise, divided into five groups in descending order of relationship between its GDP per capita in PPS and the EU average (which takes the value 100%). Thus, the first group corresponds to values greater than or equal to 125%, according to the values between 100 and 125%, the third - in which Portugal is included - between 75 and 100%, the fourth to values between 75 and 50% and the fifth corresponding to countries with GDP per capita in PPS below 50% of EU average.

Volume Index of GDP per capita in PPS, 2009, EU27=100



Source: Eurostat